

Oracle Database 11g: Administration Workshop II Release 2

Duration: 5 Days

What you will learn

This Oracle Database 11g: Administration Workshop II Release 2 training takes the database administrator beyond the basic tasks covered in the first workshop. You'll begin by gaining a deep understanding of the most important responsibilities a DBA has: performing backup and recovery.

Learn To:

Diagnose and repair data failures with Flashback technology.

Manage space to optimize database storage so you can respond to growing space requirements.

Monitor and manage major database components, including memory, performance and resources.

Secure the availability of your database through appropriate backup and recovery strategies.

Automate DBA tasks with the Scheduler.

Benefits to You

Ensure fast, reliable, secure and easy to manage performance. Optimize database workloads, lower IT costs and deliver a higher quality of service by enabling smooth and rapid consolidation within your Datacenter.

Backup & Recovery

The concepts and architecture that support backup and recovery, along with the steps required to execute it in various ways and situations, are covered in detail. You'll learn how to define and test your own backup and recovery scenarios.

Manage Memory Effectively

You'll also learn how to manage memory effectively, as well as how to perform some performance evaluation and tuning tasks. Instructors will review all types of flashback technologies, scheduling jobs inside and outside of the database and controlling system resource usage.

Course Requirements

This course counts towards the Hands-on course requirement for the Oracle Database 11g Administrator Certification. Only instructor-led in class or instructor-led online formats of this course will meet the Certification Hands-on Requirement. Self Study and Knowledge Center courses DO NOT meet the Hands-on Requirement.

Audience

Database Administrators
Support Engineer
Technical Administrator
Technical Consultant

Related Training

Required Prerequisites

Oracle Database 11g Database Administration

Oracle Database 11g: Administration Workshop I Release 2

Suggested Prerequisites

Working knowledge of SQL and how to use PL/SQL packages

Course Objectives

Configure the Oracle Database for optimal recovery

Configure the database instance such that resources are appropriately allocated among sessions and tasks

Schedule jobs to run inside or outside of the database

Use compression to optimize database storage and duplicate a database

Back and recover a database (and its parts) with RMAN (command-line and Enterprise Manager)

Use flashback technology to view past states of data and to revert either objects or the entire database back to a past state

Use an appropriate and flexible memory configuration for your database

Identify burdensome database sessions and poorly performing SQL

Course Topics

Core Concepts and Tools of the Oracle Database

The Oracle Database Architecture: Overview

ASM Storage Concepts

Connecting to the Database and the ASM Instance

DBA Tools Overview

Configuring for Recoverability

Purpose of Backup and Recovery (B&R), Typical Tasks and Terminology

Using the Recovery Manager (RMAN)

Configuring your Database for B&R Operations

Configuring Archivelog Mode

Configuring Backup Retention

Configuring and Using a Flash Recovery Area (FRA)

Using the RMAN Recovery Catalog

Tracking and Storing Backup Information

Setting up a Recovery Catalog

Recording Backups
Using RMAN Stored Scripts
Managing the Recovery Catalog (Backup, Export, Import, Upgrade, Drop and Virtual Private Catalog)

Configuring Backup Settings

Configuring and Managing Persistent Settings for RMAN
Configuring Autobackup of Control File
Backup optimization
Advanced Configuration Settings: Compressing Backups
Configuring Backup and Restore for Very Large Files (Multisection)

Creating Backups with RMAN

RMAN backup types
Creating and Using the following:
- Backup Sets and Image Copies
- Whole Database Backup
- Fast Incremental Backup
- Configure Backup Destinations
- Duplexed Backup Sets
- Archival Backups

Restore and Recovery Task

Restoring and Recovering
Causes of File Loss
Automatic Tempfile Recovery
Recovering from the Loss of a Redo Log Group
Recovering from a Lost Index Tablespace
Re-creating a Password Authentication File
Complete and Incomplete Recovery
Other Recovery Operations

Using RMAN to Perform Recovery

Complete Recovery after Loss of a Critical or Noncritical Data File
Recovering Image Copies and Switching Files
Restore and Recovery of a Database in NOARCHIVELOG Mode
Incomplete Recovery
Performing Recovery with a Backup Control File
Restoring from Autobackup: Server Parameter File and Control File
Restoring and Recovering the Database on a New Host

Monitoring and Tuning RMAN

Monitoring RMAN Jobs
Balance Between Speed of Backup Versus Speed of Recovery
RMAN Multiplexing
Synchronous and Asynchronous I/O
Explaining Performance Impact of MAXPIECESIZE, FILESPERSET, MAXOPENFILES and BACKUP DURATION

Diagnosing the Database

Data Recovery Advisor (DRA)
Block Corruption
Automatic Diagnostic Repository (ADR)
Health Monitor

The ADR Command-Line Tool, ADRCI

Using Flashback Technology I

Flashback Technology: Overview and Setup

Using Flashback Technology to Query Data

Flashback Table

Flashback Transaction Query

Performing Flashback Transaction Backout

Using Flashback Technology II

Oracle Total Recall

Flashback Drop and the Recycle Bin

Performing Flashback Database

Configuring Flashback Database

Performing Flashback Database Operations

Monitoring Flashback Database

Managing Memory

Oracle Memory Structures

Oracle Database Memory Parameters

Using Automatic Memory Management

Automatic Shared Memory Management

Using Memory Advisors

Using Data Dictionary Views

Managing Database Performance

Tuning Activities

Using Statistic Preferences

Optimizer Statistics Collection

Monitor the Performance of Sessions and Services

Automatic Workload Repository (AWR)

Describing the Benefits of Database Replay

Managing Performance by SQL Tuning

SQL Tuning and SQL Advisors

Using SQL Tuning Advisor

SQL Access Advisor

SQL Performance Analyzer Overview

Managing Resources

Database Resource Manager: Overview and Concepts

Accessing and Creating Resource Plans

Creating Consumer Group

Specifying Resource Plan Directives, including:

- Limiting CPU Utilization at the Database Level

- Instance Caging

Activating a Resource Plan

Monitoring the Resource Manager

Automating Tasks with the Scheduler

Simplifying Management Tasks

Creating a Job, Program, and Schedule
Using Time-Based, Event-Based, and Complex Schedules
Describing the Use of Windows, Window Groups, Job Classes, and Consumer Groups
Multi-Destination Jobs

Managing Space in Blocks

Free Space Management
Monitoring Space
Compressing Data

Managing Space in Segments

Segment Creation on Demand
Additional Automatic Space-Saving Functionalit
Shrinking Segments
Segment Advisor
Managing Resumable Space Allocation

Managing Space for the Database

Using 4 KB-Sector Disks
Transporting Tablespaces
Transporting Databases

Duplicating a Database

Purpose and Methods of Cloning a Database
Using RMAN to Create a Duplicate Database
Cloning a Database from a Backup
Duplicate a Database Based on a Running Instance
Targetless Duplicating a Database